Name:	Block: Date:				
GC Chapters 3 and 5 Revi					
Match the following	scientists to his accomplishment.				
1. Avagadro	a. Atomic theory of matter				
2. Democratus b. Discovery of the electron					
3. Dalton c. Designed the first periodic table by atomic mass					
4. Millikan	d. Designed the current periodic table based on periodic law (increasing atomic #)				
5. Thompson	e. Charge of the electron				
6. Rutherford	f. Discovery of the mole, 6.022×10^{23} atoms				
7. Bohr	g. Discovery of the nucleus and that atom is mostly empty space				
8. Mendeleev	h. Matter is made of particles he called atomos				
9. Moseley	i. Discovered the energy levels				
Complete the following d	efinitions:				
Average atomic mass:					
Atomic number:					
Atomic number.					
lon:					
Cation:					
Anion:					
Isotopo:					
Isotope:					
Strong nuclear force:					
0					
Electronegativity:					
Atomic radius:					
lonization Energy:					
ionization energy.					

Illustrate the atomic models fo	or the followi	ing scientists:				
Dalton			Rutherford		Bohr	
Using the Bohr model, illustrat	te the followi	ing atoms: (includ	e, protons, neutron	s, electron	s and energy levels)	
Calcium	С	Carbon		Argon		
Complete the following average atomic mass problems. Show all work. Nitrogen-14 95%, Nitrogen-15 3%, Nitrogen-16 2%						
Oxygen-16 99.76%, Oxygen-1	7 0.037%, O	xygen-18 0.204%				
Complete the following half-life problems: The half-life of the radioactive isotope phosphorus-32 is 14 days. How grams of a 600.0g sample will be left after 70 days?						
The half-life of thorium-227 is	19 days How	many days are red	quired for a 250.0g s	sample to I	pe reduced to 62.5g?	

Complete the following table.

Element	Symbol	Atomic number	Mass Number	Number of protons	No. of electrons	No. of neutrons
Carbon			12		6	
	K	19				20
		5		5	ille de la companya del la companya de la compa	6
Nitrogen-15						8
	20 Ne					
Beryllium-9		4				
Aluminum ion	Al ³⁺					
Oxygen ion	O2-		ikenden mendebelah dan dian salah dan salah dan salah sampungan salah pendapan pendapan sebesah sebesah pendap Salah salah salah salah salah dan salah dan salah			

Write the nuclear equation for the following problems. 1. the alpha decay of uranium-238

2. the beta decay of lead-214

Answer the following multiple of	choice questions.		
	ts reoccur periodically when the elements are arranged		
in order of increasing:			
a. atomic mass	c. atomic radius		
b. atomic number	d. electron affinity		
2. The original periodic table	e was created by:		
a. Mendeleev	c. Rutherford		
b. Mosely	d. Bohr		
3. Elements that have similar	r properties are aligned in vertical columns called:		
a. periods	c. groups		
b. blocks	d. rows		
4. Na and K have similar pro	operties because they have the same:		
a. atomic radii	c. number of valence electrons		
b. ionization energy	d. electronegativity		
5. The widest block of atom	s, which contains 14 elements, is the:		
a. s-block	c. d-block		
b. p-block	d. f-block		
6. Atomic radius increases a	s you move:		
a. down a group	c. across a period, from left to right		
b. up a group	d. on a diagonal from lower left to		
•	upper right		

7. The fluorine ion is larger th	an the fluorine atom because:
a. the F ion has a stronger j	positive charge than the F atom
b. the F ion has more electr	ron-electron repulsions than the F atom
c. the F ion has one fewer of	electron
d. the F ion now has an em	pty valence energy level
8. The elements with the high	
a. noble gases	c. alkali metals
b. halogens	d. transition metals
9. Elements from the halogen the group.	group make the strongest bonds with elements from
a. alkali metals	c. noble gases
b. alkaline earth metals	_
o. aikaime eartii metais	d. transition metals
10. The statement that atoms t a full set of valence electron	
a. octet rule	c. triad rule
b. rule of octaves	d. orbital principle
	ent on the periodic table, which of the following pairs most similar atomic structure?
a. sodium and scandium	c. sodium and barium
b. sodium and potassium	d. sodium and aluminum
	he same group (VI A) in the periodic table. This
means that, in general, oxyg	
a. will react only with each	
 b. undergo similar reaction 	
 c. can only react with elem 	
d. combine only with eleme	ents in period IV and higher
13. All elements in the same p	period have the same number of:
a. neutrons	c. protons
b. energy levels	d. electrons in the outer energy level
14. Using the periodic table, h of group V A (5A)? a. 1 b. 5 c. 7 d. 3	ow many valence electrons are found in the elements

15.	Which of th	e following des	scribes the tend	ency for atomic radii as displayed by			
	the periodic table?						
a.	. Atomic ra	dii increases le	ft to right acros	s a period.			
b	. Atomic ra	dii increases as	you go down a	group.			
c.	. Atomic ra	dii decreases as	s you go down	a group.			
d	d. Atomic radii decreases as you go diagonally, from top right to bottom left.						
16.	Which of th	e following has	an ionic radius	s that is smaller than an oxygen ion?			
	boron	b. francium	c. helium	d. sulfur			
17.	Which of th	ese elements is	the most chem	ically active?			
	. F	b. Cl	c. Br	d. I			
18.	Which of th	e following ele	ments has the h	ighest electronegativity?			
	. Fr	b. Na	c. F	d. At			
19.	Which energ	gy level is Copp	per filling?				
a.	s-block	b. d-block	c. p-block	d. f-block			
20.	What is the	relationship bet	tween ionizatio	n energy and electronegativity?			
a.	inc/inc	b. inc/dec	c. dec/inc	d. no relationship			
				·			
21.	Which of the	e following par	ticles has a neg	ative charge and a mass of 0 amu?			
	electron	b. neutron	c. proton	d. nucleus			
22.			cribes the nucle				
a.	neutral, co	ntaining electro	ons and protons	(
b.	b. positive, containing protons and neutrons						
C.	negative, o	containing elect	crons and neutro	ons			
d.	d. neutral, containing protons and neutrons						
23.	Which of the	e following is b	oth a solid and	a non-metal?			
a.	Nickel	b. Neon	c. Carbon	d. Mercury			
				•			
24.	Which of the	e following is a	lanthanoid?				
a.	Calcium	b. Europium	c. Cesium	d. Argon			
		•		_			
25.	Which of the	e following is a	good conducto	or of electricity and heat?			
	Metals		c. Non-metals				
26.	Which of the	e following is li	quid at room te	emperature?			
	Silver	b. Nitrogen	c. Bromine	d. Argon			